



# DATASHEET

**Product Name** **High Power Wire-wound Iron-Case Resistors**

**Part Name** **HAWF Series**

**File No.** **DIP-SP-059**

## **Uniroyal Electronics Global Co., Ltd.**

88#, Longteng Road, Economic & Technical Development Zone, Kunshan, Jiangsu, China

Tel      +86 512 5763 1411 / 22 /33

Email      [marketing@uni-royal.cn](mailto:marketing@uni-royal.cn)

Manufacture Plant      Uniroyal Electronics Industry Co., Ltd.

Aeon Technology Corporation

Royal Electronic Factory (Thailand) Co., Ltd.

Royal Technology (Thailand) Co., Ltd.

## 1. Scope

- 1.1 This datasheet is the characteristics of High Power Wire-wound Iron-Case Resistors manufactured by UNI-ROYAL.
- 1.2 High Power Wire-wound Flat Aluminum Shell Fixed Resistors
- 1.3 Easy to assembled on PCB
- 1.4 Application: Power supply of frequency converter
- 1.5 Compliant with RoHS directive.
- 1.6 Halogen free requirement.

## 2. Part No. System

The standard Part No. includes 14 digits with the following explanation:

- 2.1 High Power Wire-wound Iron-Case Resistors the 1<sup>st</sup> to 4<sup>th</sup> digits are to indicate the product type.

Example: HAWF= High Power Wire-wound Iron-Case Resistors

- 2.2 5<sup>th</sup> ~6<sup>th</sup> digits:

- 2.2.1 The 5<sup>th</sup> & 6<sup>th</sup> digits will show the connector style.

Example: A0=Terminal Type; B0=Cable Type.

- 2.3 The 7<sup>th</sup> digit is to denote the Resistance Tolerance. The following letter code is to be used for indicating the standard Resistance Tolerance.

J=±5% K=±10%

- 2.4 The 8<sup>th</sup> to 11<sup>th</sup> digits is to denote the Resistance Value.

2.4.1 For the standard resistance values of 5%&10% series, the 8<sup>th</sup> digit is “0”, the 9<sup>th</sup> & 10<sup>th</sup> digits are to denote the significant figures of the resistance and the 11<sup>th</sup> digit is the number of zeros following;

- 2.4.2 The following number s and the letter codes are to be used to indicate the number of zeros in the 11th digit:

0=10<sup>0</sup> 1=10<sup>1</sup> 2=10<sup>2</sup> 3=10<sup>3</sup> 4=10<sup>4</sup> 5=10<sup>5</sup> 6=10<sup>6</sup> J=10<sup>-1</sup> K=10<sup>-2</sup> L=10<sup>-3</sup> M=10<sup>-4</sup>

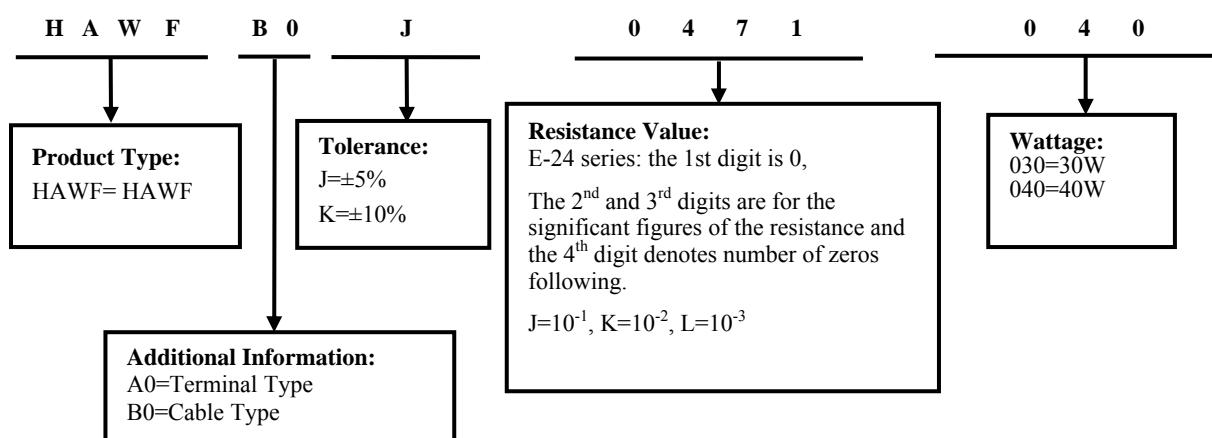
- 2.5 The 12<sup>th</sup> ~14<sup>th</sup> digits.

- 2.5.1 The 12<sup>th</sup> to the 14<sup>th</sup> digits are to denote the actual wattage of the products.

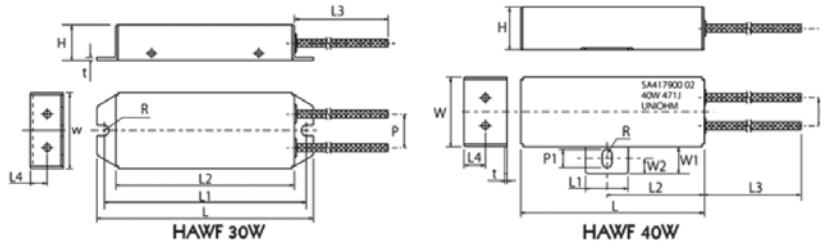
Example: 030 = 30W 040 = 40W

## 3. Ordering Procedure

(Example: HAWF 40W ±5% 470Ω B/B )



#### 4. Dimension



Unit: mm

Type	L $\pm$ 1	W $\pm$ 1	H $\pm$ 1	L1 $\pm$ 1
HAWF 30W	97	32	15	90.5
HAWF 40W	85	32	20	20

\*Remark: For further information, please contact our sales team.

#### 5. Resistor marked

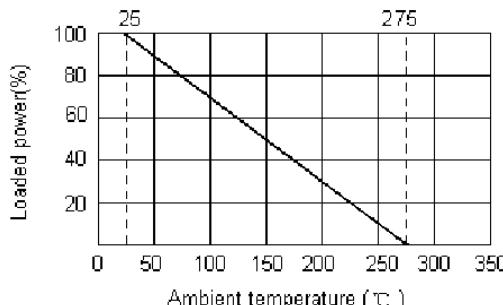
1 — SA417900 02  
 2 — 40W 471J  
 3 — UNIOHM

Code description and regulation:

1. Part No. of Customer : SA417900 02
2. Type: Power rating: 40W, Resistance: 470Ω, Tolerance:  $\pm 5\%$
3. Mark: UNIOHM

Note : The marking code shall be prevailed in kind!

#### 6. Derating Curve



##### 6.1 Voltage rating:

Resistors shall have a rated direct-current (DC) continuous working voltage or an approximate sine-wave root-mean-square (RMS) alternating-current (AC) continuous working voltage at commercial-line frequency and waveform corresponding to the power rating, as determined from the following formula:

$$RCWV = \sqrt{P \times R}$$

Where: RCWV = rated dc or RMS ac continuous working voltage at commercial-line frequency and waveform (VOLT.)

P = power rating (WATT.)

R= nominal resistance (OHM)

## 7. Performance Specification

Characteristic	Limits	Test method (GB/T 5729&JIS-C-5201&IEC60115-1)
Temperature Coefficient	$\pm 260 \text{ PPM}/^\circ\text{C}$ Max	4.8 Natural resistance changes per temp. Degree centigrade $\frac{R_2 - R_1}{R_1(t_2 - t_1)} \times 10^6 \text{ (PPM}/^\circ\text{C})$ $R_1$ : Resistance Value at room temperature ( $t_1$ ) ; $R_2$ : Resistance at test temperature ( $t_2$ ) $t_1$ : $+25^\circ\text{C}$ or specified room temperature $t_2$ : Test temperature ( $-55^\circ\text{C}$ or $125^\circ\text{C}$ )
Short-time overload	Resistance change rate is: $\pm(2\% + 0.05\Omega)$ Max. With no evidence of mechanical damage.	4.13 Permanent resistance change after the application of a potential of 2.5 times RCWV or Max. Overload Voltage whichever less for 5 seconds.
Surface temperature	Temperature: $\leq 315^\circ\text{C}$ Resistance change rate is: $\pm(1\% + 0.05\Omega)$ Max	Rate voltage for 30 minutes
Dielectric withstanding voltage	No evidence of flashover mechanical damage, arcing or insulation break down. Resistance change rate is: $\pm(1\% + 0.05\Omega)$ Max	4.7 In resistors between the shell and alloy applied voltage AC2500V (5mA) for 60 seconds
Insulation Resistance	Insulation Resistance $> 100\text{M}\Omega$	4.6 The measuring voltage shall be at 500V DC.
Strength of resistor	With no evidence of mechanical damage	49N for $10 \pm 1$ seconds
Vibration	With no evidence of mechanical damage Resistance change rate is: $\pm(1\% + 0.05\Omega)$ Max	Frequency varied $10\text{Hz} \rightarrow 55\text{Hz} \rightarrow 10\text{Hz}$ in 1 min, the amplitude is 1.5mm, 3 directions (X/Y/Z) for every 2h
High Temperature Exposure	The mark have no evidence of damage	$315 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$ for 2h and then place 1~2h
Thermal Shock	With no evidence of mechanical damage Resistance change rate is: $\pm(2\% + 0.05\Omega)$ Max	Load rated voltage, $-30^\circ\text{C}$ , 30 minutes
Humidity (Steady State)	The mark have no evidence of damage Resistance change rate is: $\pm(2\% + 0.05\Omega)$ Max Insulation Resistance $\geq 2.5\text{M}\Omega$ (DC500V)	Resistance change after 500 hours in a humidity test chamber controlled at $40^\circ\text{C} \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ and 90 to 95% relative humidity and apply DC100V between lead and shell
Load life in humidity	The mark have no evidence of damage Resistance change rate is: $\pm(3\% + 0.05\Omega)$ Max	Resistance change after 1000 hours (1.5 hours "ON", 0.5 hours "OFF") at RCWV or Max. Working Voltage whichever less in a humidity test chamber controlled at $40 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ and $93\% \pm 3\%$ RH.
Load life	The mark have no evidence of damage Resistance change rate is: $\pm(5\% + 0.05\Omega)$ Max	4.25.1 Permanent Resistance change after 1000 hours operating at RCWV or Max. Working Voltage whichever less with duty cycle of 1.5 hours "ON", 0.5 hour "OFF" at $25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ambient.
Flame retardant	No burning	1~6 times rated voltage for 2h



# High Power Wire-wound Iron-Case Resistors



## 8. Note

8.1. UNI-ROYAL recommend products store in warehouse with temperature between 15 to 35°C under humidity between 25 to 75%RH.

Even under storage conditions recommended above, solder ability of products will be degraded stored over 1 year old.

8.2. Cartons must be placed in correct direction which indicated on carton, otherwise the reel or wire will be deformed.

8.3. Storage conditions as below are inappropriate:

- a. Stored in high electrostatic environment
- b. Stored in direct sunshine, rain, snow or condensation.
- c. Exposed to sea wind or corrosive gases, such as Cl<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>S, NH<sub>3</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, NO<sub>2</sub>, Br etc.

## 9. Record

Version	Description	Page	Date	Amended by	Checked by
1	First version	1~5	Apr.16, 2019	Haiyan Chen	Yuhua Xu
2	Modify the load life test conditions	4	Sep.28, 2024	Haiyan Chen	Yuhua Xu
3	Modify the ordering procedure	2	Dec.31, 2024	Haiyan Chen	Yuhua Xu

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